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EXAMINER

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**BEFORE THE BOARD OF PATENT APPEALS  
AND INTERFERENCES**

Application Number: 10/578,828  
Filing Date: May 09, 2006  
Appellant(s): MEARS ET AL.

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Brian J. Cromarty  
For Appellant

**EXAMINER'S ANSWER**

This is in response to the appeal brief filed 05/04/2011 appealing from the Office action mailed 01/05/2011.

### ***Information Disclosure Statement***

The information disclosure statement (IDS) submitted on 02/17/2011 was filed after the mailing date of the Final Rejection on 01/05/2011. The submission is in compliance with the provisions of 37 CFR 1.97. Accordingly, the information disclosure statement is being considered by the examiner.

#### **(1) Real Party in Interest**

The examiner has no comment on the statement, or lack of statement, identifying by name the real party in interest in the brief.

#### **(2) Related Appeals and Interferences**

The examiner is not aware of any related appeals, interferences, or judicial proceedings which will directly affect or be directly affected by or have a bearing on the Board's decision in the pending appeal.

#### **(3) Status of Claims**

The following is a list of claims that are rejected and pending in the application:

Claims 1-18

#### **(4) Status of Amendments After Final**

The examiner has no comment on the appellant's statement of the status of amendments after final rejection contained in the brief.

#### **(5) Summary of Claimed Subject Matter**

The examiner has no comment on the summary of claimed subject matter contained in the brief.

**(6) Grounds of Rejection to be Reviewed on Appeal**

The examiner has no comment on the appellant's statement of the grounds of rejection to be reviewed on appeal. Every ground of rejection set forth in the Office action from which the appeal is taken (as modified by any advisory actions) is being maintained by the examiner except for the grounds of rejection (if any) listed under the subheading "WITHDRAWN REJECTIONS." New grounds of rejection (if any) are provided under the subheading "NEW GROUNDS OF REJECTION."

**(7) Claims Appendix**

The examiner has no comment on the copy of the appealed claims contained in the Appendix to the appellant's brief.

**(8) Evidence Relied Upon**

2005/0086693	Shintani	4-2005
7,213,256	Kikinis	5-2007

**(9) Grounds of Rejection**

The following ground(s) of rejection are applicable to the appealed claims:

***Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103***

1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

2. **Claims 1-18** are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over US PG Pub 2005/0086693 A1 to Shintani et al (hereafter referenced as Shintani) in view of US Patent 7,213,256 B1 to Kikinis (hereafter referenced as Kikinis).

Regarding **claim 1**, “a method for enabling a channel search in a signal processing apparatus” reads on the method use in performing a channel mapping (abstract) disclosed by Shintani and represented in Fig. 2A.

As to “method comprising the steps of: generating a signal suitable for coupling to a display device for displaying an on-screen menu” Shintani discloses (§0061) that the on-screen menu is presented to the user based on the request to search programs on the signal.

As to “wherein said plurality of options includes a first option to individually select which of a plurality of inputs to said signal processing apparatus are to be searched and a second option to individually select which of a plurality of types of channels are to be searched” Shintani discloses (§0038, §0051) that upon initiating the channel search, the user is provided with an option to select an input and a signal represented in Fig. 3. Furthermore, Examiner would like to point out the claim language does not require to search multiple input and/or multiple signals simultaneously.

As to “enabling a user to select an option for said channel search responsive to said on-screen menu” Shintani discloses (§0061) that the user selects an input to search for channel search through on-screen menu provided to the user.

Shintani meets all the limitations of the claim except "enabling a user to select a plurality of options responsive to said on-screen menu." However, Kikinis discloses

(col.3, lines 36-59) that the GUI is provided with a plurality of options to select to search for a program to the user as represented in Fig. 3b. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of the ordinary skills in the art at the time of the invention to modify Shintani's system by providing a plurality of options responsive to on-screen menu as taught by Kikinis in order to save time by searching for multiple user desired options at the same time and increased functionality (col.2, lines 4-5).

Regarding **claim 2**, "the method wherein said plurality of inputs includes a cable input and an antenna input" Shintani discloses (§0044) that the receiver is connected to cable input and an antenna input.

Regarding **claim 3**, "the method wherein said plurality of types of channels includes digital modulation channels and analog modulation channels" Shintani discloses (§0030) that the receiver receives analog/digital signals to perform channel search.

Regarding **claim 4**, "the method wherein said plurality of options further includes a third option to detect a type of signal received via least one of said plurality of inputs" Shintani discloses (§0038, §0051) that the controller determines the type signal received via the input.

Regarding **claim 5**, “the method wherein said plurality of options further includes a fourth option to search previously found channels” Shintani discloses (¶0028 and ¶0033) that the user manually input to rerun previously generated channel map to regenerate an updated channel map. Shintani further discloses (¶0067, ¶0068) that if the channel map exist, then the system retrieves it and scans it as represented in Fig. 5.

Regarding **claim 6**, “the method further comprised of performing said channel search according to said plurality of options selected by said user” Shintani discloses (¶0052) that the search for channels is initiated based on the selected input and selected signal as represented in Fig. 3 (element 324).

Regarding **claim 7**, “an apparatus for enabling a channel search” reads on the apparatus use in performing a channel mapping (abstract) disclosed by Shintani and represented in Fig. 2A.

As to “apparatus comprising: memory means for storing data used to generate a signal suitable for coupling to a display device for displaying an on-screen menu” Shintani discloses (¶0061) that the on-screen menu is presented to the user based on the request to search programs on the signal.

As to “wherein said plurality of options includes a first option to individually select which of a plurality of inputs to said apparatus are to be searched and a second option to individually select which of a plurality of types of channels are to be searched” Shintani discloses (¶0038, ¶0051) that upon initiating the channel search, the user is

provided with an option to select an input and a signal represented in Fig. 3.

Furthermore, Examiner would like to point out the claim language does not require to search multiple input and/or multiple signals simultaneously.

As to “processing means for enabling a user to select an option for said channel search responsive to said on-screen menu” Shintani discloses (§0061) that the user selects an input to search for channel search through on-screen menu provided to the user.

Shintani meets all the limitations of the claim except "enabling a user to select a plurality of options responsive to said on-screen menu." However, Kikinis discloses (col.3, lines 36-59) that the GUI is provided with a plurality of options to select to search for a program to the user as represented in Fig. 3b. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of the ordinary skills in the art at the time of the invention to modify Shintani's system by providing a plurality of options responsive to on-screen menu as taught by Kikinis in order to save time by searching for multiple user desired options at the same time and increased functionality (col.2, lines 4-5).

Regarding **claim 8**, “the apparatus wherein said plurality of inputs includes a cable input and an antenna input” Shintani discloses (§0044) that the receiver is connected to cable input and an antenna input.

Regarding **claim 9**, “the apparatus wherein said plurality of types of channels includes digital modulation channels and analog modulation channels” Shintani



discloses (¶0030) that the receiver receives analog/digital signals to perform channel search.

Regarding **claim 10**, “the apparatus wherein said plurality of options further includes a third option to detect a type of signal received via least one of said plurality of inputs” Shintani discloses (¶0038, ¶0051) that the controller determines the type signal received via the input.

Regarding **claim 11**, “the apparatus wherein said plurality of options further includes a fourth option to search previously found channels” Shintani discloses (¶0028 and ¶0033) that the user manually input to rerun previously generated channel map to regenerate an updated channel map. Shintani further discloses (¶0067, ¶0068) that if the channel map exist, then the system retrieves it and scans it as represented in Fig. 5.

Regarding **claim 12**, “the apparatus wherein said processing means enables performance of said channel search according to said plurality of options selected by said user” Shintani discloses (¶0052) that the search for channels is initiated based on the selected input and selected signal as represented in Fig. 3 (element 324).

Regarding **claim 13**, “a video signal processor” reads on the method use in performing a channel mapping (abstract) disclosed by Shintani and represented in Fig. 2A.

As to “processor comprising: a memory operative to store data used to generate a signal suitable for coupling to a display device for displaying an on-screen menu” Shintani discloses (§0061) that the on-screen menu is presented to the user based on the request to search programs on the signal. Shintani further discloses (§0046) the receiver includes a memory that stores signal received from the input as represented in Fig. 2B (element 236).

As to “wherein said plurality of options includes a first option to individually select which of a plurality of inputs to said video signal processor are to be searched and a second option to individually select which of a plurality of types of channels are to be searched” Shintani discloses (§0038, §0051) that upon initiating the channel search, the user is provided with an option to select an input and a signal represented in Fig. 3. Furthermore, Examiner would like to point out the claim language does not require to search multiple input and/or multiple signals simultaneously.

As to “a controller operative to enable a user to select an option for said channel search responsive to said on-screen menu” Shintani discloses (§0046, §0061) that the user selects an input to search for channel search through on-screen menu provided to the user.

Shintani meets all the limitations of the claim except “enable a user to select a plurality of options responsive to said on-screen menu.” However, Kikinis discloses (col.3, lines 36-59) that the GUI is provided with a plurality of options to select to search for a program to the user as represented in Fig. 3b. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of the ordinary skills in the art at the time of the invention to modify

Shintani's system by providing a plurality of options responsive to on-screen menu as taught by Kikinis in order to save time by searching for multiple user desired options at the same time and increased functionality (col.2, lines 4-5).

Regarding **claim 14**, "the video signal processor wherein said plurality of inputs includes a cable input and an antenna input" Shintani discloses (§0044) that the receiver is connected to cable input and an antenna input.

Regarding **claim 15**, "the video signal processor wherein said plurality of types of channels includes digital modulation channels and analog modulation channels" Shintani discloses (§0030) that the receiver receives analog/digital signals to perform channel search.

Regarding **claim 16**, "the video signal processor wherein said plurality of options further includes a third option to detect a type of signal received via least one of said plurality of inputs" Shintani discloses (§0038, §0051) that the controller determines the type signal received via the input.

Regarding **claim 17**, "the video signal processor wherein said plurality of options further includes a fourth option to search previously found channels" Shintani discloses (§0028 and §0033) that the user manually input to rerun previously generated channel map to regenerate an updated channel map. Shintani further discloses (§0067, §0068)

that if the channel map exist, then the system retrieves it and scans it as represented in Fig. 5.

Regarding **claim 18**, “the video signal processor wherein said controller is further operative to enable performance of said channel search according to said plurality of options selected by said user” Shintani discloses (§0052) that the search for channels is initiated based on the selected input and selected signal as represented in Fig. 3 (element 324).

#### **(10) Response to Argument**

With regard to the appellant’s ARGUMENT section beginning on pg. 4 of the appeal brief, the appellant has provided arguments addressing the 35 USC 103(a) rejections of claims 1-18 under Shintani (US 2005/0086693) in view of Kikinis (US 7,213,256).

Appellant’s argument against the cited art begin on pg. 4 of the brief and are addresses as follows:

##### (A) – Rejection of claims 1, 7, and 13 under 35 USC 103

- Appellant alleges that Shintani and Kikinis, alone or in combination, fail to disclose providing options for both individual control over which inputs are scanned and which channel types are scanned and wherein said plurality of options includes a first option to individually select which of a plurality of inputs to said signal processing apparatus are to be searched and a

second option to individually select which of a plurality of types of channels are searched. Examiner respectfully disagrees. Combination of references were used to reject these limitations, where Shintani discloses (¶0038, ¶0051) that the user is provided with an option to select an input from multiple inputs and select a signal from plurality of signals upon initiating the channel search as represented in Fig. 3 and Kikinis discloses (col.3, lines 36-59) that the user is provided with a GUI, where GUI includes a plurality of options to select to search represented in Fig. 3B. Shintani discloses the two options, but not with a GUI having the options being individually controlled. Kikinis was relied upon to teach that limitation and applying the general teaching of Kikinis to Shintani results in the claim language. The motivation would have been to save the time by searching for multiple options at the same time and to increased functionality. Furthermore, Appellant is analyzing the references separately and not in combination especially with the statement Kikinis does not represent one of the limitations of the present claims. Although Kikinis does not teach that, but the combination of Shintani and Kikinis does when applying the GUI of Kikinis to the tuning apparatus of Shintani. So instead of showing options one by one as taught in Shintani, a GUI is provided that show multiple options as taught in Kikinis. Therefore, the combination of Shintani and Kikinis renders obviousness of the claim. Furthermore, the Examiner would like to point out that that claim limitation

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discloses providing plurality of options, however it does not require that the plurality of options are provided simultaneously.

- Appellant asserts that Shintani and Kikinis does not teach selecting a plurality of options for said channel search responsive to said on-screen menu. Examiner respectfully disagrees. As explained above, *it is the combination of Shintani and Kikinis that teaches providing options for channel search.*

(B) – Rejection of claims 2-6, 8-12, and 14-18 under 35 USC 103

- Appellant provide no further arguments over and above those previously presented with respect to deficiencies believed to exist in the references Shintani and Kikinis used to reject independent claims 1, 7, and 13. Accordingly, the rejection of claims 2-6, 8-12, and 14-18 is considered proper in light of the previously presented arguments.

**(11) Related Proceeding(s) Appendix**

No decision rendered by a court or the Board is identified by the examiner in the Related Appeals and Interferences section of this examiner's answer.

For the above reasons, it is believed that the rejections should be sustained.

Respectfully submitted,

/PINKAL R CHOKSHI/

Examiner, Art Unit 2425

Conferees:

/Brian T Pendleton/

Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2425

/Andrew Y Koenig/

Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2423